STAT 150 HOMEWORK #1

SPRING 2023

Due Friday, Jan 27th, at 11:59 PM on Gradescope.

- 1. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.3.11
- 2. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.4.3
- 3. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.5.7
- 4. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.5.8
- 5. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 2.1.2
- 6. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 2.1.9
- 7. Let X be a random variable. Recall that the moment generating function (or MGF for short) $M_X(t)$ of X is the function $M_X: \mathbb{R} \to [0, \infty]$ defined by $t \mapsto \mathbb{E}[e^{tX}]$. Now suppose that $X \sim \operatorname{Gamma}(\alpha, \lambda)$, where $\alpha, \lambda > 0$. Prove that

$$M_X(t) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda - t}\right)^{\alpha} & \text{if } t < \lambda; \\ \infty & \text{if } t \ge \lambda. \end{cases}$$

- 8. Let X be a random variable with finite variance. Prove that the mean $\mu = \mathbb{E}[X]$ is the unique minimizer of the function $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(r) = \mathbb{E}[|X r|^2]$. In other words, prove that $f(r) \geq f(\mu)$ for any $r \in \mathbb{R}$ with equality if and only if $r = \mu$.
- 9. Let X be a random variable. We say that $m \in \mathbb{R}$ is a median of X if

$$\min\{\mathbb{P}(X \le m), \mathbb{P}(X \ge m)\} \ge \frac{1}{2}.$$

You may assume that a median always exists (for fun, you can try to prove this).

- (a) Is a median necessarily unique? Prove or provide a counterexample.
- (b) Suppose that m is a median of X. Prove that

$$\mathbb{P}(X > m + \varepsilon) < \mathbb{P}(X < m + \varepsilon)$$

for any $\varepsilon > 0$. Think about why this should be true intuitively.

(c) Assume that $\mathbb{E}[|X|] < \infty$. Prove that a median minimizes the function $g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $g(r) = \mathbb{E}[|X - r|]$ (note the contrast to problem 8). Hint: you may use the fact that

$$\mathbb{E}[Y] = \int_0^\infty \mathbb{P}(Y \ge t) \, dt$$

for any non-negative random variable Y. Apply this to compare $\mathbb{E}[|X - r|]$ and $\mathbb{E}[|X - m|]$ with the help of part (b). You may also assume that r > m (ask yourself why you can make this assumption though).