## STAT 150 HOMEWORK #1

## FALL 2023

## Due Friday, Sep 1st, at 11:59 PM on Gradescope.

- 1. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.3.11
- 2. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.4.3
- 3. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.5.7
- 4. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 1.5.8
- 5. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 2.1.2
- 6. Pinsky and Karlin, Problem 2.1.9
- 7. Let X be a random variable. Recall that the moment generating function (or MGF for short)  $M_X(t)$  of X is the function  $M_X: \mathbb{R} \to [0, \infty]$  defined by  $t \mapsto \mathbb{E}[e^{tX}]$ . Now suppose that  $X \sim \operatorname{Gamma}(\alpha, \lambda)$ , where  $\alpha, \lambda > 0$ . Prove that

$$M_X(t) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda - t}\right)^{\alpha} & \text{if } t < \lambda; \\ \infty & \text{if } t \ge \lambda. \end{cases}$$

- 8. Let X be a random variable with finite variance. Prove that the mean  $\mu = \mathbb{E}[X]$  is the unique minimizer of the function  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(r) = \mathbb{E}[|X r|^2]$ . In other words, prove that  $f(r) \geq f(\mu)$  for any  $r \in \mathbb{R}$  with equality if and only if  $r = \mu$ .
- 9. Let X be a random variable. We say that  $m \in \mathbb{R}$  is a median of X if

$$\min\{\mathbb{P}(X \le m), \mathbb{P}(X \ge m)\} \ge \frac{1}{2}.$$

You may assume that a median always exists (for fun, you can try to prove this).

- (a) Is a median necessarily unique? Prove or provide a counterexample.
- (b) Suppose that m is a median of X. Prove that

$$\mathbb{P}(X > m + \varepsilon) < \mathbb{P}(X < m + \varepsilon)$$

for any  $\varepsilon > 0$ . Think about why this should be true intuitively.

(c) Assume that  $\mathbb{E}[|X|] < \infty$ . Prove that a median minimizes the function  $g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $g(r) = \mathbb{E}[|X - r|]$  (note the contrast to problem 8). Hint: you may use the fact that

$$\mathbb{E}[Y] = \int_0^\infty \mathbb{P}(Y \ge t) \, dt$$

for any non-negative random variable Y. Apply this to compare  $\mathbb{E}[|X - r|]$  and  $\mathbb{E}[|X - m|]$  with the help of part (b). You may also assume that r > m (ask yourself why you can make this assumption though).