Stat153 Assignment 1 (due September 10, 2007)

1. (Weak versus strict stationarity)

This example shows that a stationary process is not necessarily strictly stationary.

Suppose that $\{W_t\}$ and $\{Z_t\}$ are independent and identically distributed (i.i.d.) sequences, with $P(W_t = 0) = P(W_t = 1) = 1/2$ and $P(Z_t = -1) = P(Z_t = 1) = 1/2$. Define the time series model

$$X_{2t} = W_t Z_t$$
$$X_{2t+1} = (1 - W_t) Z_t.$$

Show that $\{X_t\}$ is stationary, but not strictly stationary.

2. (Stationarity)

For each of the following, state if it is a stationary process. If so, give the mean and autocovariance functions. Here, $\{W_t\}$ is i.i.d. N(0,1).

- (a) $X_t = W_t + 2W_{t-1}$.
- (b) $X_t = W_1 + W_t$.
- (c) $X_t = W_t t$.
- (d) $X_t = W_t W_{t-2}$.

(e)
$$X_t = \begin{cases} W_1 W_t & \text{if } t > 1, \\ W_1 W_{t-1} & \text{if } t \le 1. \end{cases}$$

- 3. (Stationarity and differences) Shumway and Stoffer problem 1.8.
- 4. (Computer exercise: AR processes) Shumway and Stoffer problem 1.3.
- 5. (Computer exercise: Sample ACFs) Consider the moving average process

$$X_t = \frac{W_t + W_{t-1}}{2},$$

where $\{W_t\} \sim WN(0, 1)$.

- (a) What are the mean and autocorrelation functions?
- (b) Generate n = 100 observations of this time series, and compute and plot the sample autocorrelation function.