

①

7 March 03

# State space model

$$y_{\sim t} = G_{\sim t} X_{\sim t} + W_{\sim t}$$

observation  
measurement  $e_{\sim t}^m$

$$X_{\sim{t+1}} = F_{\sim t} X_{\sim t} + V_{\sim t} \quad (*) \text{ state transition } e_{\sim t}^s$$

$$\{W_{\sim t}\}, \{V_{\sim t}\} \sim WN, \text{ mean } \begin{matrix} 0_{\sim t}^R \\ 0_{\sim t}^R \end{matrix}$$

$$E W_{\sim t} V_{\sim t}' = 0_{\sim}$$

$X_{\sim t}$  all pertinent past

Control term: RHS (\*) +  $H_{\sim t} u_{\sim t}$

Initial conditions

Data:  $y_{\sim t}, u_{\sim t} \quad t=1, \dots, m$

## Uses

### Prediction

$$\hat{X}_{\tilde{t}} = P_{t-1}(X_{\tilde{t}})$$

$$= P(X_{\tilde{t}} | Y_{\tilde{0}}, \dots, Y_{\tilde{t-1}})$$

$$\hat{Y}_{\tilde{t}} = G_{\tilde{t}} \hat{X}_{\tilde{t}}$$

### Filtering

$$P_t(X_{\tilde{t}}) = P(X_{\tilde{t}} | Y_{\tilde{0}}, \dots, Y_{\tilde{t-1}})$$

### Smoothing

$$P_m(X_{\tilde{t}}) = P(X_{\tilde{t}} | Y_{\tilde{0}}, \dots, Y_{\tilde{m}})$$

$m > t$

(3)

4 March 03

Recursive, constant dimension  
computations

Missing values

Likelihood analysis

Replaces Box-Jenkins  
Aggregation (annual, monthly data)

Universal approach

Irregularly spaced

Measurement error

Structural breaks

Outliers

...

④

4 Mar 03

Setting up ARMA(p, q)

$$\varphi(B)Y_t = \theta(B)Z_t$$

$$r = \max(p, q+1)$$

$$\theta_0 = 1, \quad \theta_j = 0 \quad j > q$$

$$\varphi_j = 0 \quad j > p$$

$$\varphi(B)U_t = Z_t$$

$$Y_t = \theta(B)\varphi(B)^{-1}Z_t = \theta(B)U_t$$

(assump)

(5)

4 Mar 03

$$\text{Set } W_t = 0$$

$$X_t = \begin{bmatrix} u_{t-r+1} \\ u_{t-r+2} \\ \vdots \\ u_t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G_t = [\theta_{r-1} \quad \theta_{r-2} \quad \dots \quad \theta_0] = G$$

$$V_t = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} z_{t+1}$$

$$F_t = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & & 1 \\ \varphi_r & \varphi_{r-1} & \varphi_{r-2} & \dots & \varphi_1 \end{bmatrix} = F$$

⑥

4 Mar 03

Another form.

$$Y_t = [1 \quad \mathbf{0}'_{r-1}] X_{r,t}$$

$$X_{r,t+1} = F X_{r,t} + \Gamma Z_t$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} -\varphi_1 & & & \\ \vdots & & & \\ -\varphi_{r-1} & & \mathbf{I}_{r-1} & \\ \hline -\varphi_r & & & \mathbf{0}'_{r-1} \end{bmatrix} \quad \Gamma = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_1 \\ \vdots \\ \theta_{r-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_t = X_{1,t}$$

$$X_{r,t} = -\varphi_r Y_{t-1} + \theta_{r-1} Z_t$$

$$X_{r-1,t} = -\varphi_{r-1} Y_{t-1} + X_{r,t-1} + \theta_{r-2} Z_t$$

⋮

$$X_{1,t} = -\varphi_1 Y_{t-1} - \varphi_2 Y_{t-2} - \dots + Z_t + \theta_1 Z_{t-1} + \dots$$

⑧

4 March 03

Random walk + noise.

$$Y_t = M_t + W_t \quad \{W_t\}: WN(0, \sigma_w^2)$$

$$M_{t+1} = M_t + V_t \quad \{V_t\}: WN(0, \sigma_v^2)$$

$$X_t = M_t$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_t \\ = \nabla Y_t &= \nabla M_t + \nabla W_t \\ &= V_{t-1} + W_t - W_{t-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$D_t \text{ has } ED_t = 0$$

$$\text{var } D_t = \sigma_v^2 + 2\sigma_w^2$$

$$\text{cov}\{D_t, D_{t-1}\} = -\sigma_w^2$$

$$\text{cov}\{D_t, D_{t-h}\} = 0 \quad h > 1$$

i.e. is MA(1)

So  $Y_t$  is ARIMA(0, 1, 1)

t Mar 03

(8t)

## Random walk + noise.

$$Y_t = X_t + W_t \quad \{W_t\} \sim \text{WN}(0, \sigma_w^2)$$

$$X_{t+1} = X_t + V_t \quad \{V_t\} \sim \text{WN}(0, \sigma_v^2)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{t+1} = P_{t+1} Y_{t+1} = \hat{X}_t + \frac{\Theta_t}{\Delta_t} (Y_t - \hat{Y}_t)$$

$$= (1 - a_t) \hat{Y}_t + a_t Y_t$$

$$a_t = \frac{\Theta_t}{\Delta_t}$$



4 Mar 03

⑨

# Random walk + drift.

$$Y_t = M_t + N_t$$

$$M_t = M_{t-1} + B_{t-1} + V_{t-1}$$

$$\tilde{X}_t = \begin{bmatrix} M_t \\ B_t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_t = [1 \ 0] \tilde{X}_t + W_t$$

$$\tilde{X}_{t+1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tilde{X}_t + \tilde{V}_t$$

Eg.

$$B_t = B$$

$$\tilde{X}_{t+1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tilde{X}_t + \begin{bmatrix} V_t \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

4 March 03

(10)

Innovations,  $I_{\tau_0} = y_{\tau_0}$

$$I_{\tau t} = y_{\tau t} - P_{t-1} y_{\tau t}$$

The new information

$$E\{I_{\tau t} | \dots, y_{\tau t-1}\} = 0 = E\{I_{\tau t}\}$$

$$\text{Var}\{I_{\tau t} | \dots, y_{\tau t-1}\} = \Delta_{\tau t}$$

$$= G_{\tau t} \Omega_{\tau t} G_{\tau t}' + R_{\tau t}$$

$$\text{Cov}\{X_{\tau t+1}, I_{\tau t}\} = \Theta_{\tau t}$$

---

4 March 03

(11)

Likelihood.